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Arab Republic of Egypt
Ministry of Education

٥/١٨٠٥ / E ثان

General Secondary Education Certificate Examination – Second Session 2020
[Third Year Secondary]

Statistics

Time: 1 1/2 Hours

(الإجابة في نفس كراسة الأسئلة)

الإحصاء (بالإنجليزية) الدور الثاني ٢٠٢٠

تنبيه مهم: يسلم الطالب كراسة امتحانية باللغة العربية مع الكراسة المترجمة (الأسئلة في ٨ صفحات)

Calculator is allowed

Answer the following questions:

First: choose the correct answer from those given:

(1) If A and B are two events of the sample space of a random experiment (S) such that: $A \subset B$, then $P(B|A) = \dots\dots\dots$

(a) $P(A)$

(b) $P(B)$

(c) $P(A - B)$

(d) $P(S)$

(2) If A and B are two independent events of the sample space of a random experiment such that: $P(A) = 0.5$, $P(B) = 0.6$,then $P(A \cup B) = \dots$

(a) 0.3

(b) 0.7

(c) 0.8

(d) 0.1

(بقية الاسئلة في الصفحة الثانية)

(3) Two players A , B shoot at a target at the same time. If the probability that A hits the target is 0.4 and the probability that B hits the target is 0.25, then the probability that the target is hit equals

(a) 0.75

(b) 0.65

(c) 0.55

(d) 0.5

(4) If X is a random variable, its mean $(\mu) = 20$, its standard deviation $(\sigma) = 2$, then the coefficient of variation =%

(a) 1

(b) 100

(c) 1000

(d) 10

- (5) If the regression line equation is : $\hat{y} = 3 - x$, then the correlation the values of x and the values of y is
- (a) nihilistic (b) direct (c) perfect inverse (d) perfect direct
- (6) If X is a discrete random variable whose range is { 0 , 1 , 2 } such that $P (x = 0) = 0.2$, $P (x = 1) = 0.4$, then: $P (x = 2) =$
- (a) 0.6 (b) 0.5 (c) 0.4 (d) 0.2
- (7) The strongest inverse correlation coefficient of the following is:
- (a) - 0.2 (b) - 0.5 (c) - 0.7 (d) - 0.8

(بقية الاسئلة في الصفحة الرابعة)

Second: Answer the following questions:

(1) A box contains 7 white balls, 8 red balls and 5 black balls, two balls are chosen one after the other at random without replacement:

What is the probability that:

(I) the second ball is white if the first ball is white?

(II) the first ball is red, and the second ball is red?

Complete:

(I) the probability that the second ball is white if the first ball is white

=

=

(II) the probability that the first ball is red and the second ball is red

= ×

=

(2) If $\sum x = 60$, $\sum y = 70$, $\sum x^2 = 406$, $\sum y^2 = 536$, $\sum xy = 374$, $n = 10$

Find the linear correlation coefficient between the two variables x and y and determine its type.

Solution:

$$r = \frac{n \sum xy - \dots}{\sqrt{\dots} \sqrt{\dots}}$$

$$r = \frac{\dots}{\sqrt{\dots} \sqrt{\dots}}$$

$$r = \frac{\dots}{\sqrt{\dots} \sqrt{\dots}} = \dots$$

The type of correlation is

(3) If X is a discrete random variable, its probability distribution is as follows:

| | | | | | |
|----------|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|
| X_r | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| $f(X_r)$ | 0.4 | k | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |

Find : (first) the value of k

(second) the mean and the standard deviation for the variable X

Solution:

(first) the value of k =

(second) to determine the mean and the standard deviation

| X_r | $f(X_r)$ | $X_r \cdot f(X_r)$ | $X_r^2 \cdot f(X_r)$ |
|-------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 0.4 | ..... | ..... |
| 1 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 2 | 0.1 | ..... | ..... |
| 3 | 0.1 | ..... | ..... |
| 4 | 0.1 | ..... | ..... |
| Sum | ..... | ..... | ..... |

The mean $\mu =$

The variance $\sigma^2 =$

The standard deviation $\sigma =$

(بقية الاسئلة في الصفحة السادسة)

(4) If X is a discrete random variable whose probability distribution is determine by the function $f(x) = \frac{x+2}{k}$ such that $x = 1, 2, 3$

Find: (first) the value of k (second) the expectation μ

Complete:

(first) to find the value of k

$$f(1) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$f(2) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$f(3) = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\therefore f(1) + f(2) + f(3) = 1$$

$$\therefore \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots = 1$$

$$\therefore k = \dots\dots\dots$$

(second) to find the expectation μ

| x_r | $f(x_r)$ | $x_r \times f(x_r)$ |
|-------|----------|---------------------|
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | |
| sum | | |

The expectation $\mu = \dots\dots\dots$

(بقية الاسئلة في الصفحة السابقة)

(5) If A and B are two events of the sample space of a random experiment such that $P(A) = 0.4$, $P(B) = 0.5$, $P(A \cup B) = 0.8$

Find : First: $P(A \cap B)$ Second : $P(A | B)$

Solution:

$$\text{First: } P(A \cap B) = \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots - \dots\dots\dots$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots - \dots\dots\dots$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\text{Second : } P(A | B) = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$= \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

$$\dots\dots\dots$$

$$= \dots\dots\dots$$

(بقية الاسئلة في الصفحة الثامنة)

(6) Complete to determine Spearman's rank correlation coefficient between X and Y and determine its type

| X | Y | ranks of X | ranks of Y | D | D ² |
|---|---|------------|------------|-------|----------------|
| 3 | 7 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 1 | 4 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 6 | 5 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 4 | 8 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 3 | 6 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 8 | 7 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | | | | | |

$$r = 1 - \frac{\text{.....}}{\text{.....}}$$

$$= 1 - \text{.....}$$

$$= \text{.....} \approx \text{.....}$$

Its type is

(إنتهت الاسئلة)